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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/653,085	08/31/2000	Mikhail Lotvin	4318		
7590 10/22/2003			EXAMINER		
Richard M Nemes			CHANG, SABRINA A		
2231 56th Drive Brooklyn, NY 11234-6840			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Diocuiry, and			3625		
			DATE MAILED: 10/22/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/653,085		LOTVIN ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit			
		Sabrina Ch	ang	3625			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address							
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status 1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>17 J</u>	luly 2003					
2a)⊠							
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1,3-5,7-12,23-25,31 and 32</u> is/are per	nding in the	application.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1,3-5,7-12,23-25,31 and 32</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>31 August 2000</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
•	13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)ı	a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
2) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)		· <u>-</u>	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

Applicant's amendment of claims 1, 7 and 23, as well as the cancellation of claims 2 and 6 have been considered.

Response to Arguments

An agent is a representative of a user, and stores their desires and specifications for a particular transaction or action (storing at least one acquisition specification of a first user represented in a scripting language that specifies acquisition requirements, parsing the acquisition specification into at least one purchase form, comprising a plurality of attributes, at least one of which specifying a transactional action desired to be electronically completed by the first user). The agent queries the physical world, other users, other agents or the Internet, comprised of various web pages which store a vendor's offerings (receiving and storing at least one offering specification comprising vendor form comprising a plurality of attributes at least one of which specifying a transactional action desired to be electronically completed by a second user).

"Computers need rules and instructions" [Feldman]. While agents don't explicitly use a "compatibility dictionary" to match one user's request with another user's offers, the agents do employ basic rules and instructions to ensure that the *most* appropriate transaction is conducted on behalf of the first user. These rules are created to mimic the intelligence of a normal human, including the ability to "identify patterns, note similarities, differences and change". It would be obvious that a computer would be taught the importance of matching compatible terms (similar terms that are generally linked together conceptually) - such as buy/sell or lend/lease - using any

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number of associative rules taught to the agent. These operative rules would function as a "compatibility dictionary" by matching appropriate requests with appropriate offers.

Applicant's arguments are therefore not found to be persuasive.

Rejection as set forth in the first office action, dated 2/19/03, is restated below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claims 1-7, 9, 11, 12, 23-25, 31 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by the technology disclosed in the article "Intelligent Agents: A Primer" (Feldman, Susan et al. October 1999. *Searcher*)

Feldman discloses the features, functionalities and potential applications of "intelligent agents" – software programs, inherently comprising scripts, that can identify repetitive patterns of behavior, similarities between events or things, and changes in patterns over time [Page 2] (storing acquisition specifications comprising data represented by a scripting language). The agents act on behalf of the user and interact with the external environment including the physical world, other agents or the Internet – this would inherently include advertisements on the web [Page 3]. The agents can perform information flow functions: finding, searching, filtering, categorizing, storing, routing, and/or selectively disseminating information [Page 5] (using compatibility requirements to evaluate offers and information). In one embodiment, the user can

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dispatch the agent to find the best price with a user-defined "best" criteria [Page 15] (storing acquisition specification) and the agent would act to find bids that meet the user's requirements (testing acquisition specifications against offering specifications). Agents can also respond to users through a spoken interface (using a voice input) [Page 15].

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 8 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over technology disclosed in the article "Intelligent Agents: A Primer" (Feldman, Susan et al. October 1999. *Searcher*), as rejected in claims 1 and 4, in view of the technology disclosed in the article "Future Calling" (Pournelle, Jerry. December 13, 1999. *Tele.com*).

Feldman does not explicitly disclose that the page, or agent, communicates with Global Positioning System or that the acquisition specifications are provided to the personal page using wireless communication.

Pournelle teaches that intelligent agents, as described in Feldman, could be operated over a wireless network, using GPS-enabled wireless devices [Page 4]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Feldman to include the ability to program "acquisition specifications" over a wireless network, using a device that is GPS-enabled in order to increase the ubiquity of the system.

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Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Thompson et al. discloses a library of query templates and a dictionary that relates keywords to more abstract concepts. Thompson et al. does not explicitly disclose a system that facilitates a user's search for particular products/items.

The article "Writing intelligent Web agents" (Schrenk, Michael. Mar 2000. Web Techniques) discloses methods for creating intelligent agents.

The article "Mobile Technology: Looking ahead" (Hager, Jon. Dec. 1999. IBM Syssy) discloses advances in applications of mobile technologies. The article does not specifically discuss how intelligent agents work.

The article "The Role of Human Web assistants in e-commerce: an analysis and a usability study" (Aber, Johan, et al. 2000. Internet Research) discloses the applicant's invention substantially, but the date of the article is unclear.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sabrina Chang whose telephone number is 703 305 4879. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am - 5:30 pm Mon.- Fri..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wynn Coggins can be reached on 703 308 1344. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 308 1113.

SC

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER